

She is a product of the New York City public education system and has received awards of excellence for both her academic and community success.

While still a high school student, Ms. Kleinrock began her career in healthcare; on weekend and evenings she volunteered at Coney Island Hospital. She was later nominated and accepted to the MJ3DEX Program, which affords pre-med students specialized training and opportunities to explore careers in healthcare.

Ms. Kleinrock graduated from New York University and completed her doctoral studies at Syracuse University. After completing her graduate training in Psychology, Ms. Kleinrock expanded her knowledge base in healthcare administration and quality management; she became a Certified Professional in Healthcare Quality and a Fellow of the American College of Healthcare Executives.

In her career, Ms. Kleinrock has come full circle. She started at Woodhull Medical and Mental Health Center, as the Coordinating Manager for Inpatient Psychiatry and later became the Assistant Director of Quality Management. With this position, she developed, implemented and trained clinical staff on standardized medical record documentation for both mental health and chemical dependency programs. Ms. Kleinrock also wrote the Certificate of Need application for the Medically Managed Detoxification Unit which opened in 1989.

In 1993, Ms. Kleinrock went to work for the Bellevue Medical and Mental Health Center; she was responsible for the quality, risk and regulatory activities of the Department of Psychiatry. This department of Bellevue is the largest public healthcare system in the country and has earned recognition for excellent clinical and administrative accomplishments. In 2010, Ms. Kleinrock returned to Woodhull Medical and Mental Health Center as the Deputy Director of Psychiatry; she continues to work as a member of the Joint Commission Survey Preparation Team.

In addition to all her professional responsibilities, Ms. Kleinrock is also a member of the Board of Directors of the American Association of Psychosocial Rehabilitation, where she advocates for quality mental health and psychosocial rehabilitation. Ms. Kleinrock believes that patient safety and quality care are vital components of a strong public healthcare system. She is endlessly committed to assisting the Woodhull staff in accomplishing this mission.

Madam Speaker, I urge my colleagues to join me in recognizing the achievements of Ms. Susan N. Kleinrock.

HONORING NATIONAL GUARD ON 374TH ANNIVERSARY

SPEECH OF

HON. PHIL GINGREY

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, November 30, 2010

Mr. GINGREY of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today as a proud cosponsor of H. Res. 1740, which recognizes and honors the National Guard on the occasion of its 374th anniversary. I would also like to thank Congressman LATTI for offering this resolution and for

his recognition of this important aspect of our Armed Forces.

The National Guard is America's oldest military component dating back to 1636 when colonial militias—comprised of ordinary citizens—would put aside their occupations to defend their fellow countrymen and towns from hostile attacks. From their service in the Revolutionary War where they stood their ground during the opening shots at Lexington Green and Concord Bridge to most recently valiantly fighting in Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom, the Guard has participated in every major American conflict. All Guardsmen are combat-trained, and while abroad they serve in combat missions, build schools and hospitals, and train local peacekeepers.

In 1824, the 2nd Battalion, 11th Regiment, New York Artillery became the first military organization in the United States to adopt the title "National Guard." During the Mexican War, more than 70 percent of the total manpower effort was from citizen-soldiers, and in the Spanish-American War, over 160,000 National Guardsmen volunteered for active duty on behalf of their country. As evidenced throughout history, the Guard has always been there in our time of need. Guard troops comprise more than 40 percent of the manpower for the U.S. in World War I, 300,000 Guardsmen participated in World War II, 183,000 in the Korean War, 23,000 in the Vietnam War, and 70,000 in Operations Desert Shield and Desert Storm. Finally, since the September 11, 2001 attacks, hundreds of thousands of Guardsmen have and continue to serve in combating terrorism at home and abroad.

Mr. Speaker, while the National Guard has certainly had an impressive track record of keeping our nation safe at home and throughout the world, they also support our countrymen when they are endangered by storms, floods, fires, and other disasters. Every state in the United States utilizes the National Guard for disaster assistance, and when Hurricane Katrina devastated the Gulf of Mexico, over 50,000 Guardsmen were deployed to aid in clean-up and restoration efforts.

I am particularly honored to have the Georgia National Guard headquartered in Georgia's 11th Congressional District, which I have proudly represented for 8 years. In 2005, the Naval Air Station—Atlanta was closed by the Base Closure and Realignment Commission, and on September 29, 2009, the Georgia National Guard took control of that facility adjacent to Dobbins Air Force Base. The Georgia Guardsmen have always served with integrity and have been there for our State during times of need.

I would also like to congratulate Major General William Nesbitt—who has a decorated career in the National Guard—for being reappointed as the Adjutant General of the Georgia National Guard by my good friend and former colleague in the House of Representatives, Governor-Elect Nathan Deal.

Mr. Speaker, it is truly a privilege to recognize the 374 years of service of the National Guard on behalf of our country, but we must take a moment to honor the men and women who have paid the ultimate sacrifice on the battlefield keeping the citizens of this great Nation safe. I want to say a gracious thank you to these brave individuals for their service and thank their families for bearing the great

cost of a loved one so that America can be a better place. We will never forget these heroes, and we will always honor and admire their sacrifice.

The National Guard has and always will be an icon of the United States Armed Services, and I am very proud of the job these men and women continue to do at home and around the world.

HONORING MARIA SHRIVER

HON. PATRICK J. KENNEDY

OF RHODE ISLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 2, 2010

Mr. KENNEDY. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize Maria Shriver, First Lady of the State of California and my first cousin for her work with her Women's Conference and Alzheimer's advocacy. Her work for those suffering from this disease is truly remarkable.

Cousin Maria is a mother, wife, daughter, sister and friend, who proudly serves as the First Lady of California. An award-winning journalist and best-selling author, Maria has transformed the office of First Lady by approaching it not simply as a role, but as a job with real purpose and a platform to make a difference. Maria became California's First Lady when her husband, Arnold Schwarzenegger, became the 38th Governor of California on November 17, 2003.

From day one, Maria made the position her own by combining her journalist's eye for the needs of real people, with a deeply ingrained passion for service and activism, and a creative entrepreneurial spirit and vision that embraces bold ideas. She has used her voice to advocate on behalf of women, the working poor, the intellectually disabled and families struggling with Alzheimer's.

Maria has created groundbreaking programs and initiatives that educate, enlist, empower, connect, and honor people who are what she calls "Architects of Change" in their own lives and in the lives of others. Under a banner called WE, the WE programs have been successful in motivating people to get involved and unite across gender, economic, and party lines.

Under Maria's leadership, The California Governor and First Lady's Conference on Women—an element of the WE Empower program—has grown into the Nation's premier forum for women, with more than 14,000 attendees every year since 2004. The conference encourages women to become "Architects of Change" in their own lives, in their communities, and in the country—and teaches them how. Hundreds of world opinion leaders and newsmakers have spoken at the conference, including Oprah Winfrey, Justice Sandra Day O'Connor, Secretaries of State Condoleezza Rice and Madeleine Albright, Barbara Walters, Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger, former Prime Minister Tony Blair, Bono, and His Holiness the Dalai Lama.

Beyond her role as First Lady, Maria has announced a project called "A Woman's Nation." This multi-faceted project, in partnership with the Center for American Progress and the University of Southern California's Annenberg Center of Communication Leadership and Policy, will take a new, empirical look at the status of American women, who, for the first time,